Section 1. Identification of the substance and supplier

Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KERAPOXY comp.B

Trade code: 904599

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Hardener for epoxy products

Uses advised against: Data not available.

Supplier's details

Company: MBP (NZ) Ltd. - 88 Carbine Road - Mount Wellington - 1060 - Auckland - New Zealand

enquiries@MBPLtd.co.nz - www.MBPLtd.co.nz

Emergency phone number

New Zealand National Poisons Centre: Phone 0800 764 766 (for acute poisoning situations)

Chemcall: Phone 0800 243 622 (for chemical based incidents-emergencies)

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO hazard classification

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001

HSNO classification:

8.3A	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
6.5B	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
9.1A	H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
8.2C	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Hazard information

Pictograms and Signal Words

Danger

Hazard statements

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P321	Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P391	Collect spillage.

P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

No other hazards

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

N.A.

Mixtures

Mixture identification: KERAPOXY comp.B

Hazardous components within the meaning of HSNO Act and related classification

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification
≥75 - <100 %	Fatty acids C18 unsaturated, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	CAS:1226892-45-0, 68410-23-1 EC:629-725-6	8.2C, H314; 6.5B, H317; 9.1A, H410; 8.3A, H318; 9.1A, H400
≥5 - <10 %	3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS:2855-13-2 EC:220-666-8 Index:612-067-00-9	6.1D (dermal), H312; 6.1D (oral), H302; 8.2B, H314; 8.3A, H318; 6.5B, H317; 9.1C, H412
≥2.5 - <5 %	3-Aminopropyldimethylamine	CAS:109-55-7 EC:203-680-9 Index:612-061-00-6	3.1C, H226; 6.1D (oral), H302; 8.2B, H314; 6.5B, H317; 8.3A, H318

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: N.A.

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: N.A.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Workplace Exposure Standards

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency Remark
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	2855-13-2	0,06 mg/l	Fresh Water	
		0,006 mg/l	Marine water	
		0,23 mg/l	Intermittent release	
		5,784 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments	
		0,578 mg/kg	Marine water sediments	
		1,121 mg/kg	Soil	
		3,18 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments	
3-Aminopropyldimethylamine	109-55-7	0,0535 mg/l	Fresh Water	
		0,00535 mg/l	Marine water	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	2855-13-2	20,1 mg/m3			Human Inhalation		
3-Aminopropyldimethylamine	109-55-7	9,8 mg/m3			Human Inhalation		

Engineering Controls

N.A.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance and colour: liquid light brown

Odour: ammonia

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: 11.00

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flammability (Solid, Gas) N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour pressure: 0.01

Vapour density: N.A.

Relative density: 1.10 g/cm3

Solubility in water: partly soluble

Solubility in oil: Soluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Viscosity: 900.00 cPs

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Particle characteristics: No data available

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Data not available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Fatty acids C18 unsaturated, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 5,01 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 1030 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 1030 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
3-Aminopropyldimethylamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 410 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat = 1200 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat = 2139 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 24,8 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 600 µl/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 4,31 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 922 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 600 µl/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.

a) acute toxicity

b) skin corrosion/irritation

c) serious eye damage/irritation

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

e) germ cell mutagenicity

f) carcinogenicity

g) reproductive toxicity

h) STOT-single exposure

Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information

i) STOT-repeated exposure

j) aspiration hazard

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine	CAS: 2855-13-2 - EINECS: 220-666-8 - INDEX:	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 110 mg/L 96

	612-067-00-9	
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 23 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 388 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae > 50 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 3 mg/L - 21 d
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna 14,6 mg/L 48h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 37 mg/L 72h IUCLID
3-Aminopropyldimethylamine	CAS: 109-55-7 - EINECS: 203-680-9 - INDEX: 612-061-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae = 53,5 mg/L 72
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Bacteria > 1000 mg/L 0.5
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Bacteria = 95 mg/L 17
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 59,5 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 122 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 59,5 mg/L 48h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 56,2 mg/L 72h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 57,5 mg/L 96h IUCLID

Persistence and degradability

N.A.

Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

Mobility in soil

N.A.

Other adverse effects

N.A.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Special precautions to be taken during disposal

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14. Transport information

UN number

2735

UN proper shipping name

NZS-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (hexane)

ADR-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (hexane)

IATA-Technical name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (hexane)
IMDG-Technical name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (hexane)

Transport hazard class(es)

NZS-Class: 8

ADR-Class: 8

IATA-Class: 8

IMDG-Class: 8

Packing group, if applicable

NZS-Packing Group: III

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

Special precautions for user

NZS-Subsidiary risks: -

NZS-Special Dispositions: 223 274

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 8

ADR-Hazard identification number: NA

ADR-Special Provisions: 274

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 852

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 856

IATA-Label: 8

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 8L

IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A803

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: SG35

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 223 274

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-B

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval

HSNO approval number and group standard title:

HSR002542 - Construction Products (Corrosive [8.2C]) Group Standard 2006

HSNO Controls

Approved Handler

No data available

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

List of substances included in the NZIoC Inventory:

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

3-Aminopropyldimethylamine

List of substances not included in the NZIoC Inventory:

Fatty acids C18 unsaturated, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine

All other components are listed on the NZIoC Inventory or are not required to be listed.

Regulatory references

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO CoP 8-1 09-06).
Hazardous Substances (Classification) Regulations 2001.
Labelling of Hazardous Substances: Hazard and Precautionary Information (January 2012 EPA0094).
Assigning a Product to a HSNO Approval (May 2013/Revised June 2014).

Section 16. Other information

Safety Data Sheet dated: 09/06/2021 - version 2

Code	Description
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Description of the HSNO Classification codes used in section 2 or 3:

Code	Description
3.1C	Flammable liquid - medium hazard.
6.1D (dermal)	Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful (dermal).
6.1D (oral)	Substances that are acutely toxic - Harmful (oral).
6.5B	Substances that are contact sensitisers.
8.2B	Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue UN PGII.
8.2C	Substances that are corrosive to dermal tissue UN PGIII.
8.3A	Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue.
9.1A	Substances that are very ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.
9.1C	Substances that are harmful in the aquatic environment.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- Safety Data Sheet
- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 4. FIRST AID MEASURES
- 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION